

# Aufgabe 4b

7

$$y = ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e$$

Achsensymmetrie:  $y = ax^4 + cx^2 + e \quad | \quad y' = 4ax^3 + 2c$

PP (2, -7) :  $-7 = a \cdot 16 + c \cdot 4 + e$

HP bei  $x=1$

$$y'(1) = 0 \quad 0 = 4a + 2c$$

$$y'(0.5) = 1.5 \quad 1.5 = 4a \cdot 0.5^3 + 2c \cdot 0.5$$

$$1.5 = 0.5a + c$$

$$16a + 4c + e = -7$$

$$4a + 2c = 0$$

$$0.5a + c = 1.5$$

$$y = -x^4 + 2x^2 + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 16 & 4 & 1 & -7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0.5 & 1 & 0 & 1.5 \end{array}$$

I

II

III

$$-\frac{1}{2} \times \text{II}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 16 & 4 & 1 & -7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1.5 & 0 & 0 & 1.5 \end{array}$$

$$-1.5a = 1.5$$

$$a = -1$$

$$-4 + 2c = 0$$

$$+4 = +2c$$

$$c = 2$$

$$-16 + 8 + e = -7$$

$$e = -7 - 8 + 16 = 1$$

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